



ATTORNEY-CLIENT RELATIONSHIPS

RISK MANAGEMENT PRACTICE GUIDE OF LAWYERS MUTUAL

Relationships with clients are the backbone of the attorney's practice.

Satisfied clients refer friends and colleagues. They also return for repeat business because they trust the lawyer to handle it properly.

An attorney's success is dependent upon such clients. Dissatisfied clients, however, file complaints with the State Bar and malpractice claims.

Developing procedures for creating satisfied clients and avoiding clients who will never be satisfied are crucial for a successful law firm. Learning to recognize danger signs and foster habits that make clients more satisfied can help reduce the problems that result in grievances and malpractice claims.

How to Use this Guide

This Lawyers Mutual Practice Guide will help you manage relationships with clients. It is designed as a tool to establish connections with potential clients and handle situations with difficult clients. Here are some suggested uses:

- To instruct attorneys on legal ethics and risk management.
- To develop client hiring criteria.
- To help with attorney and staff orientation.
- To help with attorney training.
- To use as a topic at a firm meeting or retreat.
- To use as curriculum for in-house continuing education.

This Guide offers general information that should benefit most practices. It is not intended as legal advice or opinion, nor does it purport to establish a specific standard of care for your practice. Every law office is different. Your clients' needs are unique. This Guide suggests ways to bring out the best in you, your support staff, and your clients.

For more information – or if you have additional questions – please contact Lawyers Mutual's Client Services Team.

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DISCLAIMER: This document is written for general information only. It presents some considerations that might be helpful in your practice. It is not intended as legal advice or opinion. It is not intended to establish a standard of care for the practice of law. There is no guarantee that following these guidelines will eliminate mistakes. Law offices have different needs and requirements. Individual cases demand individual treatment. Due diligence, reasonableness and discretion are always necessary. Sound risk management is encouraged in all aspects of practice.

OCTOBER 2016



Practice Pointers

Avoid accidental clients by sending non-engagement letters to third party attendees at a consultation and potential clients who do not follow up on engagement.

Beware of making casual observances that others can take to be legal advice.

Include jurisdictional disclaimers with your website and online activities, such as social media.

INITIAL CONTACT

We all know the importance of first impressions. Lawyers strive to use that initial contact with potential clients to create a feeling of need for services. However, not all prospective clients become actual paying clients, and it is important to establish procedures to prevent the non-client from assuming that you are indeed their attorney, such as the use of a non-engagement letter.

TYPES OF CONTACT

- **Telephone inquiries**. Have a standard form that limits the amount of necessary information you gather to conduct a proper conflicts of interest check.
- **E-mail and websites**. Have a systematic response where you respond that the e-mail will not be read until the conflicts of interest check is completed, with the appropriate form attached.
- **Social setting**. The best policy for these situations is to let the individual know that the situation is more complex than they realize and that you would love to discuss it with them in detail in your office.
- Family and friends. Follow proper procedures and have them come into the office for consultation.
- **Social media**. Be careful not to give legal advice on social media accounts. The inquirer may be outside of your jurisdiction or other readers may think the advice applies to circumstances for which it does not.

FIRST IMPRESSIONS

Following the initial contact, you should have the prospective client come into the office for an intake interview that will establish the foundation of the representation should you and the client agree to work together. Before the interview begins, ensure the client develops a good first impression of your firm.

Practice Pointers

- Thank clients for coming. Thank them for choosing you, and tell them you appreciate their business.
- New client questionnaire. Develop a simple questionnaire that prospective clients can complete while they are waiting to see you.
- Review questionnaire before the interview. Knowing something about your client before they come into your office will show that you are interested in the representation and give you some familiarity with them.
- Check for conflicts. Enter information about prospective clients into the firm's database so that conflicts can be avoided.

THE INTAKE PROCESS

The screening process will also serve to ensure compatibility between lawyer and client. Remember, the attorney-client relationship is a business relationship, and being able to work together effectively is an integral part of a successful endeavor.

TYPES OF QUESTIONS

- Open. Allows interviewee to talk, more information is given; more time-consuming; interviewer has minimum control.
- Closed. Requires a yes/no answer; interviewer is in control; answers are not as reliable; shows inconsistencies.
- Double-barreled. Requires more than one response; causes interviewee to lose train of thought. Avoid, because it tends to leave both of you confused.
- Bipolar. Effect is similar to closed; gives interviewee two options; usually at end of interview after problem has been identified.
- Leading. Invites interviewee to answer one way or another; requires careful use; might use with children; best used for cross-examination of adverse party.

INTERVIEWING TIPS

- Be on time for appointments.
- Personally greet clients in the reception area.
- Strive to put your clients at ease (offer them a beverage, consider interviewing them in a sitting area rather than from behind your desk, etc.).
- Avoid interruptions while meeting with a client.
 Hold all calls, restrict others from coming in and out of your office, etc.
- Hear the client's full story before jumping in with questions.
- Be direct. Discuss the problem in layman's terms. Think practical advice and real solutions.
- Do not overwhelm clients with information. Give them a manageable range of options.

- Understand the client's objectives and clearly define the scope of your representation. This gives the client realistic expectations and focuses your advice.
- Be realistic about what you can accomplish.
- Make sure the client understands the billing system.
- Explain the time and cost legal matters can entail. Urge clients to carefully consider how this might impact their lives.
- Follow up the initial interview with a letter of engagement, nonengagement, or disengagement.

Practice Pointers

- Be organized. Have the appropriate forms to gather information so you can conduct the interview seamlessly.
- **Listen**. The best experience includes comfortable surroundings and an interviewer that seemed interested in you and what you had to say.
- Question. Establish the client's motive in pursing legal action and expectations.
- Consider compatibility. Not every client or case that walks into your office is a good match for you or your firm. If your 'gut reaction' is to walk away, it is most likely the best decision.
- Send non-engagement letters. A non-engagement letter should be courteous and thank the potential client for visiting your office and acknowledge the reason for not taking the case. Retain copies to rebut any potential claim of representation that may arise. Refer to the Lawyers Mutual handout, "Attorney-Client Agreements Toolkit" for sample non-engagement letters.

ENGAGEMENT LETTERS

Once you have agreed to represent a client, execute an engagement letter that establishes the attorney's duties and fees. A well-drafted engagement letter is the first step to good client relationships. The purpose of the engagement letter is to avoid misunderstandings, providing the client with written documentation of the services that the attorney will provide and expectations of the client. Many malpractice claims arise because of a failure to establish the boundaries of representation.

ESSENTIAL PARTS OF AN ENGAGEMENT LETTER

- Scope of engagement. Outline the work to be performed and approximate a timeline for the case. If the scope of engagement changes during the representation, revise your engagement letter with the necessary changes.
- Billing procedures. Describe in detail the procedure involved in billing, including the frequency, detail and format of the bill.
- Office procedures. Establish office procedures for returning phone calls and responding to e-mails. Inform the client of procedures when you are out of the office.

Practice Pointers

- **Review with your client**. Answer any questions the client may have about unfamiliar legal language.
- **Sample forms**. See the risk management handout "Attorney-Client Agreements Toolkit" for sample engagement letters.
- Unbundled services. Review our "Unbundled Legal Services" handout for information regarding limited representations.

MANAGING CLIENTS

Once the representation has begun, you cannot neglect your duty to correspond with clients. The number one complaint by clients is that attorneys fail to return phone calls timely. Do not be an attorney who fails to communicate with clients.

HANDLING A DIFFICULT CLIENT

Regardless of due diligence during the intake process, a difficult client will eventually slip through the screening process and must be handled accordingly. Dealing with a difficult client requires more time and care than a regular client. Difficult clients are more likely to be unhappy with the representation and to file grievances and malpractice claims. Difficult clients are also likely to treat you or your staff badly, and it is imperative to not allow the client to bring out bad behavior on your end of the relationship.

Beware the bad news client

Client screening is an important part of risk management. Sometimes the best way to prevent a claim is to decline to represent a potentially troublesome client in the first place. All seasoned practitioners know there are some prospective clients who are best shown the door.

Following are some characteristics of high-risk clients:

- Clients who have had multiple lawyers or who have been rejected by every other lawyer on the block.
- Clients looking for a free lawyer or the cheapest lawyer available.
- Clients who quibble about your fee or who do not pay the retainer when requested.
- Clients who are high rollers and want to cut you in on the action.
- Clients who have unreasonable expectations or who seek relief no court can grant. Example: "I know this is a multi-

Practice Pointers

- **Return phone calls promptly**. Try to return all calls within 24 hours. It is important that all office personnel follow the same telephone policy.
- Respond to e-mails. When you are unavailable for an extended period of time, enable an "Out of Office" notice and provide the name and contact information of the appropriate person.
- Provide periodic status reports. This informs the client you are staying abreast of the case and still have a plan for success.
- Send copies of documents. Send the client a copy of all correspondence, memoranda, pleadings, briefs, and other meaningful documents.
- Deliver bad news quickly. Breaking the news without delay can help defuse the situation before it gets out of control. If you think that you might have made a mistake, call your malpractice provider first they may have tips on how to effectively communicate with your client.
- Treat the client as a partner. Bring clients into strategy development and include them in decisionmaking. Get feedback.
- **Document everything.** This protects both you and your client.
- Complete work promptly. The client would like to resolve the issue sooner rather than later.

"

million dollar case. I saw someone on Jenny Jones who had a claim like mine, and they recovered \$1 million. My case is even better."

- Cases with extreme time pressure.
- Clients who make unreasonable demands of you or who ask you to engage in unethical or illegal behavior.
- Clients looking for a shoulder to cry on or who need psychological counseling more than legal counseling. Remember you are not a shrink.
- Perpetual victims.
- Clients suing on principle.
- Overzealous clients driven by a need for vengeance or vindication. Example: "I don't care how much it costs as long as you make that jerk's life a living Hell!"
- Clients who have done research on their own.
- Clients who know enough about the law to make your life miserable. They may refuse to follow your advice because they think they know more about the law than you do.
- Clients who want to tell you how to run the case.
- Clients who habitually lie.
- Clients who are abusive, rude, mean, overly argumentative, or who threaten you or your staff.
- Clients with rotten attitudes about lawyers, courts, and the legal system in general.
- Two or more clients seeking joint representation.
- Social contacts such as friends, relatives, drinking buddies, etc. The emotional entanglements will only make your job harder. Besides, these clients might simply be looking for free legal advice.

When interviewing a potential client, listen to your gut. What is your first impression of the person? Is this someone you feel like you can work with? You may want to enlist your support staff to help interview and evaluate new clients.

When interviewing a potential client, listen to your gut. What is your first impression of the person? Is this someone you feel like you can work with?

Consider another bit of advice from Elihu Root, "About half of the practice of a decent lawyer is telling would-be clients that they are damned fools and should stop." Regardless of how badly you need the business, no client is worth the headaches of a malpractice suit.

TYPES OF DIFFICULT CLIENTS

- Angry clients. Angry clients are upset when they first visit your office and often remain so the entire representation.
- Vengeful clients. This client is an angry client who
 has focused on the mission of obtaining justice
 from the one who wronged them.
- Obsessed clients. Obsessed clients may be mission-oriented like a vengeful client, or they just may be overly involved. This client may even do research themselves.
- Dependent clients. Dependent clients refuse to make their own decisions. Do not allow yourself to become a decision maker for a case.
- Secretive clients. Clients who withhold information or deceive their attorneys are dangerous clients. Once a client changes from being merely secretive to being deceitful, consider whether or not you can continue to represent the client.

- Depressed clients. Clients who suffer from depression are typically withdrawn and fail to engage in the representation of their case.
- Mentally ill clients. Some mentally ill clients are capable of instructing lawyers, but you must be satisfied the client is able to do so.
- A difficult client with a difficult case. This is a
- client who typically has unrealistic expectations about everything involving the case: the cost, time, importance and service.
- The client who doesn't listen. This client often refuses to follow advice even after it has been reduced to writing and the consequences are presented.

WORKING WITH A DIFFICULT CLIENT

If you find yourself representing a client who has become difficult, remember to take the utmost care in maintaining the proper professional relationship. Your role is to present all possible solutions and consequences so they can make decisions. Difficult clients may be less inclined to make decisions or dislike their options. Avoid the temptation to involve yourself further in the process; simply make sure they understand the choices they have before them. Be sure to follow the practice pointers to further protect yourself.

Practice Pointers

Document. Write down everything you can about any contact you have with the client, phone calls, voice mails, copies of e-mails, etc. Don't forget to include all possible consequences of following or not following instructions.

Patience. If you find yourself becoming agitated, it may be time to transfer the case to another attorney. Be sure to be very explicit with the client about everything, and give all information to the client in writing.

Protect your staff. Difficult clients are sometimes more likely to mistreat staff than they are their attorney. Make it clear to the client that abusive behavior toward staff will not be tolerated.

Keep expectations in check. Ascertain what the client expects from you in four main categories: services, costs, time, and results. Address expectations in the consultation stage, and manage them throughout the case.



Difficult clients may be less inclined to make decisions or dislike their options.

Avoid the temptation to involve yourself further in the process; simply make sure they understand the choices they have before them.

TERMINATING A DIFFICULT CLIENT

Regardless of all your efforts, a difficult client may become too impossible to continue the attorney-client relationship. If you are unable to satisfy the client with your work, you may need to allow the client to seek other counsel. Even if the client has fired you, handle the issue courteously and professionally. Copy the client on all correspondence regarding the transfer of the file. Maintain a copy of the file for your records should a grievance or malpractice claim arise.

Practice Pointers

- Withdrawal. Take care to follow proper court procedures.
- **Disengagement letter**. Regardless of whether you or the client terminated the attorney-client relationship, send the disengagement letter by certified mail and confirm receipt. Please see the Lawyers Mutual handout, "Attorney-Client Agreements" for sample letters.
- Malpractice claims. Any claim for malpractice should be immediately reported in writing to the firm's professional liability carrier.

THE FINISH LINE

For those clients that are not difficult and you can see their cases to conclusion, all good things must end. When the matter comes to a close, be sure to terminate representation properly so that all parties are aware that the relationship has concluded. While it may be obvious to you that there is no further representation, do not assume the client has the same understanding of the matter. Taking the time to close out the representation could save potential headaches in the future.

Practice Pointers

- **Disengagement letters**. A disengagement letter is perhaps the simplest method for indicating to a client that representation has concluded. Please see the Lawyers Mutual handout, "Attorney-Client Agreements" for sample letters.
- Include the final bill with the disengagement letter. Clients may be more likely to pay bills that are received soon after the representation has ended.
- Return original documentation. This includes all belongings that the client provided you for the representation.
- Send a client survey. Measure how well your office met the client's expectations.
- Say thank you. Thank the client for the opportunity to assist them with their matter.
- Thanks again. Take additional opportunities to thank clients. Send birthday and holiday cards or simply send a thank you card at the end of the representation

CONCLUSION

An attorney's practice is based upon the ability to maintain successful attorney-client relationships. Without satisfied clients, an attorney has no repetitive business or referrals from former clients. Dissatisfied clients may fire their attorney and move on to other counsel, as well as file grievances with the State Bar or malpractice claims. Dissatisfied clients will also describe the attorney as incapable to all of their friends and neighbors. While pleasing every client will prove impossible, following designated office procedures will reduce the number of unhappy clients. Clients will know what to expect from your firm, and staff will know how to provide good service to clients.

The best method for creating good attorney-client relationships is finding compatible clients for your law firm. Matching your office to your clients will keep communications open and help prevent misunderstandings. This process includes accepting cases within your typical areas of practice and resisting the urge to dabble. Also, avoid difficult clients by reading warning signs such as unrealistic expectations, an elevated sense of justice, or problematic behavior. Most importantly, trust your instincts and do not accept cases that make you feel uneasy.

CLIENT FEES AND BILLING

The difficult client can be described thus: one who does not do what the lawyer wants, i.e. pay the bill; one who owes a large amount of money; one who has owed money for a lengthy period of time; and/or one who ignores your repeated attempts to be paid.

Take steps to minimize your chances of a client's becoming a "difficult client."

FEE AGREEMENTS

Practice pointers

- Read Rule 1.5 of the Rules of Professional Conduct, which says a lawyer shall not enter into an agreement for, charge or collect an illegal or clearly excessive fee.
- Charge an adequate fee. If you are unsure how to price a case, consult a seasoned attorney.
- Obtain an advanced fee deposit substantial enough to cover the initial phases of the case.
- Put the fee agreement in writing. Clarify financial issues at the outset of representation.
- Tell when bills will be sent and payments due.
- List expenses the client must repay, such as filing fees, transcripts, photocopies, mileage and postage. Include a clause for fee arbitration in the event of a dispute.
- Include language explaining the difference between fees and costs. Define the term "retainer."
- Make sure the client understands if all or part of the retainer is immediately earned.
- Add a paragraph that tells the client to call you immediately with question, and: "If the firm does not hear from you
 in ten days, you agree that the statement is accurate and valid."
- Avoid surprises. Get client authorization for unexpected services.
- Know the rules on fee splitting:

Rule 1.5(e)

Booher v. Frue, 98 NC App 570, disc. rev. denied, 327 NC 426 (1990)

BILLING

Practice pointers

- Consider flat fee billing. Clients prefer a known amount to a big hole.
- Send a billing statement every month.
- Send a bill immediately after something good happens for the client.
- Be sure statements adequately describe your services.
- Age the accounts receivable weekly, and review them quickly to determine who the "problem" clients are.
- If a statement remains unpaid after 45 to 60 days, have someone call to determine if the client has a problem with the bill.
- Appoint someone to review each file, contact clients as necessary, and pursue collections.
- Investigate billing methods other than hourly billing.
- Keep time logs in all cases. Studies show lawyers who keep faithful and accurate records make more money and avoid claims.
- Beware of suing clients for fees. Suing a client to collect an unpaid fee almost guarantees a counterclaim alleging some real or alleged breach of professional duty.
- Review the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act and make sure your conduct and correspondence are in compliance.
- Arbitrate fee disputes. A majority of fee suits are settled in arbitration.
- Thank the client for hiring you or recommending you to someone else.

14 TIMELY TIPS FOR CLIENT RELATIONS

Belly up to the bar. Acquaint yourself with State Bar staff and keep current on ethics opinions. Never ignore State Bar correspondence. Also, have your staff learn ethics rules so they can help prevent violations.
Choose your clients. Screening for new clients eliminates conflicts of interest issues and ensures malpractice prevention systems have been set in motion.
Just say no. Rule 1.16 explains how an attorney should decline or terminate representation. Take care that the client is not disadvantaged in this process as a malpractice claim could arise.
Mum's the word. Maintain client confidentiality at all times. Be sure staff is aware of the need for confidentiality as well.
Understand the difference between unethical conduct and malpractice. An ethics violation is not always malpractice, and vice versa. A missed deadline may give rise to a claim but not be considered unethical behavior.
Practice as a team. An office functions best if everyone works together. Let your staff work with you as a team so that everyone can assist to their fullest potential.
Coach your team. Supervising staff will ensure that everyone is on the same page. Delegate work then monitor to be sure deadlines are met. Give constructive criticism and praise as appropriate.
Recognize clients with special needs. Rule 1.14 dictates an attorney should attempt to maintain a normal relationship, and, if necessary, take steps to protect the client or obtain a guardian.
Advice on giving advice. Analyze your advice-giving skills. Do you use plain language? Do you discuss the available alternatives?
Write on. Document client files. Use engagement, disengagement and non-engagement letters to their fullest extent.
Keep files at least 6 years. A client file must be preserved six years according to RPC 209, unless the client consents to destruction. A statute of limitations deadline may require a file be kept longer.
Be a good listener. Misunderstandings occur because of assumptions about what someone is saying instead of listening. Let the client be heard, then ask questions to fill in the details.
Return phone calls. Unreturned phone calls are the main complaint to the State Bar by clients. Develop an office telephone policy, and share this policy with clients so they know what to expect.
Just say thank you. Thank clients for giving you their business. Sending Christmas or birthday cards is appropriate as well.

30 TRAINING TOPICS

Need something to talk about at your next staff meeting? Here are 30 suggested topics on client relations:

Teamwork is essential for good client relations. To promote proper teamwork, some firms have developed monthly meetings with attorneys and staff to discuss related topics. Each meeting focuses on one specific subject – for example, confidentiality. The rules involving the topic is thoroughly discussed, then it is applied to specific examples from the firm's caseload. This method allows all team members to understand the rules and put them into practice with the work they do.

These sessions promote teamwork and emphasize the importance of client satisfaction. Topics at your next staff session might include:

- Avoiding client conflicts of interest.
- Using the calendar/docket system.
- Review of client intake/interview form. Can it be improved?
- Conducting a client interview.
- Review of client engagement/disengagement/non-engagement letters.
- What sort of clients should be turned away from our firm?
- Client confidentiality. Don't discuss client affairs with other people.
- The difference between client fees and costs. What does the fee cover?
- Timekeeping.
- Telephone etiquette.
- Returning phone calls promptly.
- Law library and use of online legal research.
- Ethics rules on supervising subordinate lawyers and nonlawyers.
- Upcoming continuing education seminars.
- Representing clients with a disability.
- No sex with clients.
- Avoid business dealings with clients.
- E-mail and voice mail.
- Who is our professional liability carrier? Where is the policy located? What to do if problems arise?
- Dog cases. What can we do about them?
- Sending thank you letters when someone refers you a client.
- Possible new sources of client referrals.
- Sending "no activity" letters when a case is inactive for 90 days or more.
- Reception area: is it client friendly?
- How to convert "social consultations" at weddings, etc., into paying clients.
- Using client satisfaction surveys.
- Developing a newsletter or news bulletins to send to clients.
- Marketing. What are our goals?
- Using press releases.
- Internet issues. Should our firm have a website? How to manage social media? Social media policy?

PROSPECTIVE CLIENT QUESTIONNAIRE

Name (include maio	len or other marital name):		
Home Address:			
Date of Birth:	Home	phone:	
Name of Employer	:	Position:	
Employer address: _			
Employer phone: _			
Where you prefer to	be contacted:		
Spouse's name:			
Opposing party nan	ne and address:		
Name of current of	oposing counsel:		
Address:			
Please state briefly t	he nature of the problem you	wish to discuss with this office.	
- 1	f legal category that applies:		
Domestic/Family L		Accident:	
Other personal inju-	•	al:	
Employment proble	em: Juvenile	e case:	
Estates or wills:	Traffic	ticket:	
Have you or any me	ember of your family been see	en by anyone in this office? Yes No (Circ	ele One)
If yes, state person's	s name and nature of the legal	l matter with which he/she assisted.	
How you were refer	red:		
Phone:	Advertising:	Former client:	
Bar referral:	Court assignment:	_ Other lawyer:	

RISK MANAGEMENT PRACTICE GUIDE OF LAWYERS MUTUAL

~	at no legal relationship was created by my visit	because my case wa
oted by this office."		
Signature:	Date:	
For Office Use Only:		
Tor office osc only.		
Initial Interview Date:	Type of Case:	
Initial Interview By:	Case Assigned to:	
Client referred by:	Non-engagement:	
Office File no.:	Court file no.:	
Deadlines:	Conflicts check:	

Optional: A consultation fee of \$50 is due at the time of your initial visit. Our office accepts Visa and MasterCard for

OFFICE INTAKE: NEW CLIENT FORM A

Today's Date:			
Client's full name:			
Date of Birth:		al Security No	
		•	
Spouse's full name:			
Date of Birth:	Socia	al Security No	
Street Address:			
City:		:: Zip	Code:
Home phone:	Client work	: S _F	oouse work:
Client's employer:			
Spouse's employer:			
Emergency Contacts: Name:	Relationship:	Phone no.:	
Referred by:	Confe	rence with attorney rega	rding:
OFFICE USE ONLY	7 .		
		Hour:	
Fee Type:			
C – contingency	F – fixed	R- retainer	T- time/expense
Billing Frequency:			
M – monthly	Q – quarterly	S – semi-annually	O – other
Checklist:			
Conflicts Check:	Fee Contract	: First Appea	rance due:
Statute of Limitations	s Deadline:	Other deadlines:	
File Review Frequenc	y:	Instructions:	<u> </u>
		Initials:	Date:
Intake sheet prepared Conflicts checked by:	•	illuais.	
Deadlines docketed by	y:		

OFFICE INTAKE: NEW CLIENT FORM B

File No.	Date Opened:	
Client:		
Address:		
City:	State:Zip Code:	
Work Phone:		
New Client:	Previous Client:	
CASE INFORMATION		
Matter:		
Claim No.:	Insured:	
Misc.:		
Contact Name:		
Originating Attorney:		
Billing Attorney:		
Billing Attorney:Supervising Attorney: FEE ARRANGEMENTS		
Billing Attorney: Supervising Attorney: FEE ARRANGEMENTS Hourly Rate:	Standard: Other:	
Billing Attorney: Supervising Attorney: FEE ARRANGEMENTS Hourly Rate: Flat fee of \$	Standard: Other:	
Billing Attorney: Supervising Attorney: FEE ARRANGEMENTS Hourly Rate: Flat fee of \$ Hourly rate of \$ plus contingent (6)	Standard: Other:	
Billing Attorney:Supervising Attorney: FEE ARRANGEMENTS Hourly Rate: Flat fee of \$ Hourly rate of \$ plus contingent (contingent Fee of% or)% or% or% or	Standard: Other: (Check Below): of amount	
Billing Attorney:Supervising Attorney: FEE ARRANGEMENTS Hourly Rate: Flat fee of \$ Hourly rate of \$ plus contingent (contingent Fee of% or Recovered: Sa	Standard: Other: Check Below): of amount wed: Other:	
Billing Attorney:Supervising Attorney: FEE ARRANGEMENTS Hourly Rate: Flat fee of \$ Hourly rate of \$ plus contingent (contingent Fee of% of Recovered: Sa Fee to be determined on basis of all	Standard: Other: Check Below): of amount wed: Other: I relevant factors:	
Billing Attorney:Supervising Attorney: FEE ARRANGEMENTS Hourly Rate: Flat fee of \$ Hourly rate of \$ plus contingent (Contingent Fee of % of Recovered: Sa Fee to be determined on basis of all Retainer of \$ per M.	Standard: Other: Check Below): of amount eved: Other: I relevant factors: Conth Year	
Billing Attorney:Supervising Attorney: FEE ARRANGEMENTS Hourly Rate: Flat fee of \$ Hourly rate of \$ plus contingent (contingent Fee of % of Recovered: Safee to be determined on basis of all Retainer of \$ per M. Number of hours of service covered.	Standard: Other: Check Below): of amount aved: Other: I relevant factors: fonth Year d by retainer:	
Billing Attorney:Supervising Attorney:Supervising Attorney: FEE ARRANGEMENTS Hourly Rate: Flat fee of \$ Hourly rate of \$ plus contingent (contingent Fee of% of Recovered:Sa Fee to be determined on basis of all Retainer of \$ per M Number of hours of service covered Excess hours to be billed at rate of \$	Standard: Other: Check Below): of amount aved: Other: I relevant factors: fonth Year d by retainer:	

BILLING ARRANGEMENT	'S	
Retainer of \$Apply to final statement (to trust Apply as earned (trust account):	arterly Completion Ot Ot Ot Minimum fee (to firm account account):	t):
Invoice Formats		
Print past due message:	Yes No	
Print initials:	Yes No	
Service charge:	Yes No	
Cover statement:	Yes No	
CONFLICT INFORMATIO	N	
Client and other parties associate	ed with client:	
Adverse parties:		
Names associated with other file CASE TYPE	s for this client:	
CASE TIPE		
10 Estate Planning	34 Contracts – litigation	58 Collections
11 Estate administrations	35 Other litigation	59 Other business
12 Wills	40 Workers' compensation	60 Domestic
13 Guardianship	41 Employment law	61 Juvenile
20 Residential real estate	42 Employee plans	80 Criminal
21 Commercial real estate	50 Incorporation	81 Government law
23 Environment law	52 Non-profits	82 Education
24 Foreclosures	53 Limited liability company	83 Insurance law
30 Personal injury – pl.	54 General corporate matters	84 Bankruptcy
31 Personal injury – def.	55 Tax – individual	85 Trademarks
32 Personal injury – other	56 Tax – business	86 Patents
33 Product liability	57 Banking	87 Copyright
Other:		

INTERVIEW FORM - PERSONAL INJURY

Statute of Limitations

Out of State case: Yes or No
State accident occurred in: ____
SOL Date: ___
SOL Date has been confirmed by:
(attorney's name) ___
SOL date has been docketed by:
(staff name)

	SOL date has been docketed by: (staff name)
Full Name:	
Home address:	
Business address:	
Home phone: Business phone	<u> </u>
E-Mail:	
Date of Injury or Accident	
Date of Incident:	
Location of Accident:	
Names and addresses (if known) of other people involved:	
List all other names by which you have ever been knownicknames, and aliases:	rn. Include marital and maiden names,
hicknames, and aliases: List the addresses where you have resided during the p	
nicknames, and aliases:	
hicknames, and aliases: List the addresses where you have resided during the p	
hicknames, and aliases: List the addresses where you have resided during the p	
hicknames, and aliases: List the addresses where you have resided during the p	ast 10 years. Indicate the period of time at each
List the addresses where you have resided during the pesidence, including dates:	ast 10 years. Indicate the period of time at each
List the addresses where you have resided during the pesidence, including dates: Place and Date of Birth: Are you presently married? Yes No (Circle Control of Circle Contro	ast 10 years. Indicate the period of time at each
List the addresses where you have resided during the pesidence, including dates: Place and Date of Birth: Are you presently married? Yes No (Circle Control of Circle Contro	ast 10 years. Indicate the period of time at each

ATTORNEY-CLIENT RELATIONSHIPS - SAMPLE FORMS

Name Address		Age	Relationshi
- Tadaress		1180	
Employment History			
Employment History			
Social Security Number:			
Most Recent Employer:			
Employer Address:			
Beginning Date:	Ending Date:		
Job Description:			
Beginning Pay Rate:	Current Pay Rate:		
Have you ever missed work due to your injuries?	Yes No (Circle One)		
If yes, list the dates you were unable to work:	,		
From:	To:		
Reason for leaving job:			
<i>C,</i>			
Employer Prior to last one listed:			
Prior Employer's Address:			
Beginning Date:	Ending Date:		
Job Description:	E I' D D		
Beginning Pay Rate:	Ending Pay Rate:		
Have you ever missed work due to your injuries?	Yes No (Circle One)		
If yes, list the dates you were unable to work:	T		
From:	To:		
Reason for leaving job:			
Employer Prior to last one listed:			
Prior Employer's Address:			
Beginning Date:	Ending Date:		
Job Description:			
Beginning Pay Rate:	Ending Pay Rate:		

If yes, list the dates you w	rere unable to work:			
From:				
				_
[Have client bring in Tax Ret	turns for prior years.]			
Education				
List your highest educatio address of the institution(nal level (high school, college (s):	, graduate schoo	l, professional tra	ining) with the n
	1 5 5			
Do you have any special jo	ob training? Describe:			
Do you have any special jo	ob training: Describe:			
	ob training? Describe:			
	ob training? Describe:			
Military Background	e military? Yes No (Cir.			
Military Background Have you ever been in the	e military? Yes No (Cir	cle One)		
Military Background Have you ever been in the Service Number:	e military? Yes No (Cir Type of Disc Dates of Ser	cle One) :harge: vice:		
Military Background Have you ever been in the Service Number: Branch: Have you had any service-	e military? Yes No (Cir Type of Disc Dates of Ser -related injuries/disabilities? E	cle One) charge: vice:		
Military Background Have you ever been in the Service Number: Branch: Have you had any service-	e military? Yes No (Cir Type of Disc Dates of Ser	cle One) charge: vice:		
Military Background Have you ever been in the Service Number: Branch: Have you had any service-	e military? Yes No (Cir Type of Disc Dates of Ser -related injuries/disabilities? E	cle One) charge: vice:	Percentage (of Disability:
Military Background Have you ever been in the Service Number:	e military? Yes No (Cir Type of Disc Dates of Ser -related injuries/disabilities? E	cle One) charge: vice: Explain:	Percentage (of Disability:
Military Background Have you ever been in the Service Number:	e military? Yes No (Cire Type of Disc Dates of Ser -related injuries/disabilities? F	cle One) charge: vice: Explain: Yes No	Percentage (Circle One)	of Disability:
Military Background Have you ever been in the Service Number:	e military? Yes No (Cir. Type of Disc. Dates of Ser-related injuries/disabilities? E	cle One) charge: vice: Explain: Yes No	Percentage (Circle One)	of Disability:

11. Prior Claims and Lawsuits

(Our adversaries will inquire about your history of legal claims and lawsuits. It is important that you disclose your complete history to us. It is not fatal if you have been involved in prior legal actions. You won't be penalized by a court or jury if the claims were reasonable and genuine.)

List every claim you have ever made for personal injury or property damage. Give details. (Attach additional page if necessary.)

ATTORNEY-CLIENT RELATIONSHIPS - SAMPLE FORMS

Re Da Ag Re	esult:				
Da Aş Re					
Aş Re					
Aş Re					
Re		Nature of Claim:			
	gamst whom esult:				
		Nature of Claim:			
Ke	esuit:				
Police Red	cord				
		background. We must be prepar against you at trial, no matter ho			is uncovered. Evid
	or arrest informati				
Date	Place	Charge	Result		
What was y	your injury?		Date of injury:		_
What was y	your injury?resently receiving p		Date of injury:	If yes, explain:	

RISK MANAGEMENT PRACTICE GUIDE OF LAWYERS MUTUAL

	Place:
Name of Doctor: _	
Purpose:	Result:
Date:	Place:
	Result:
Date:	Place:
	Trace.
	Result:
Prior Accidents ar	
(Failure to mention oth	her accidents or injuries can undermine a lawsuit, no matter how trivial they may seem.)
List all prior accides	ents, whether they resulted in a claim for damages or not.
Date Place	Nature of Accident Extent of injuries
	,
Illness or Disease	
Illness or Disease	
(We must know about	t all prior illnesses, either before or since your accident. This is particularly true if there is an
(We must know about your present physical co	t all prior illnesses, either before or since your accident. This is particularly true if there is an omplaints. The defendant will have access to a complete history of your past physical condition
(We must know about your present physical co	t all prior illnesses, either before or since your accident. This is particularly true if there is an
(We must know about your present physical co veteran's records, insura	t all prior illnesses, either before or since your accident. This is particularly true if there is an omplaints. The defendant will have access to a complete history of your past physical condition
(We must know about your present physical co veteran's records, insura Date:	t all prior illnesses, either before or since your accident. This is particularly true if there is an omplaints. The defendant will have access to a complete history of your past physical condition vance records, and medical/hospital records.)
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(We must know about your present physical coveteran's records, insurance Date: Duration: Hospitalized?	t all prior illnesses, either before or since your accident. This is particularly true if there is an omplaints. The defendant will have access to a complete history of your past physical condition cance records, and medical/hospital records.) Nature of Illness: Treated by:
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ATTORNEY-CLIENT RELATIONSHIPS - SAMPLE FORMS

Date:	Nature of Illness:
Duration:	Treated by:
Hospitalized?	When?
Name/address of	ospital:
Have you ever had	rouble with your eyes? Ears?
Please check all th	
Glasses/contacts:	Artificial eye: Hearing aid:
Have you ever wo	a brace or back and neck support?
•	ed with radioactive substances, asbestos, or any other substance alleged to cause diseases, such
	denied health or life insurance? If so, by which company? Give details:
Have you ever bee	treated for alcoholism, drug addition or venereal disease?
The Injury	
,	wn to be a result of the accident:
Length of time co	aned to bed:
	fined to house:
	al conditions, including scars, disabilities, deformities and discomforts due to the injuries:
Physicians and S	
	d surgeons you have seen (attach additional page if necessary):
	:
Still under care? E	olain:
Name:	
	:
	olain:
Name:	

Nature of treatment:	Address:	
Still under care? Explain: Name: Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Name: Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Name: Still under care? Explain: Nurses, Therapists and Health Care Professionals List all nurses, therapists, and health care professionals other than doctors and surgeons that you have seen (attach additional page if necessary): Name: Name: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Name: Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Name: Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Name: Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Name: Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Name: Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Name: Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Name: Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Name: Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain:		
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Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Name: Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Nurses, Therapists and Health Care Professionals List all nurses, therapists, and health care professionals other than doctors and surgeons that you have seen (attach additional page if necessary): Name: Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Name: Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Name: Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Calendar Information Has client been served with pleadings? Yes No (Circle One) When is response due? Statute of limitations expires:	Name:	
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Address:		
Address:	Name:	
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Still under care? Explain:		
Nurses, Therapists and Health Care Professionals List all nurses, therapists, and health care professionals other than doctors and surgeons that you have seen (attach additional page if necessary): Name: Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Name: Address: Nature of treatment: Still under care? Explain: Calendar Information Has client been served with pleadings? Yes No (Circle One) When is response due? Statute of limitations expires:		
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Calendar Information Has client been served with pleadings? Yes No (Circle One) When is response due? Statute of limitations expires:	Nature of treatment:	
Has client been served with pleadings? Yes No (Circle One) When is response due? Statute of limitations expires:	Still under care? Explain:	
When is response due? Statute of limitations expires:	Calendar Information	
Statute of limitations expires:		
*	When is response due?	
	*	

ATTACH TO THIS INTERVIEW FORM:

Medical Authorization Fee Agreement

19.

20.

INTERVIEW FORM – DOMESTIC RELATIONS

PERSONAL INFORM	MATION
Name:	
Address:	
Home Phone:	Work phone:
Place of work:	Occupation:
Date of Birth:	Date Married:
Where (city, county, state	e):
Date of Separation:	Referral to our office:
SPOUSE'S INFORMA	ATION
Name:	
Address:	
Home Phone:	Work phone:
Place of work:	Occupation:
Date of Birth:	
PRIOR DIVORCES	
Dates of prior divorces:	
Please check all that app	ly:
Separation agreement: _	Divorce decree: Custody/Support order:
CHILDREN OF THE	E MARRIAGE
Name:	Date of Birth:
_	
Do you or your spouse l Name:	have any children outside the marriage? Date of Birth:
ivaille.	Date of Diffi.

RISK MANAGEMENT PRACTICE GUIDE OF LAWYERS MUTUAL

Opposing party's income:	net/month	gross/month
Are you a military veteran or in act	ive service? Give details:	
Is your spouse a veteran or in activ	re service? Give details:	
MEDICAL		
Your general health:		
Any specific medical problems:		
Disabilities:		
Your spouse's general health:		
Any specific medical problems:		
Disabilities:		
[Use Financial Affidavit or detailed form Vehicle (year/make/model):		ose name?
Name of bank(s) where you have a		
Name of bank(s) where your spou		
RESIDENCE Location:		
Rent or own?	Time lived there:	
Whose name residence in:		
Mortgagee/lender:		
Monthly payment:		

ATTORNEY-CLIENT RELATIONSHIPS - SAMPLE FORMS

Estimated net mark	et value:	
Other real property	:	
Mortgagee/lender:		
Monthly payment: _		
Mortgage balance: _		
Estimated net mark	et value:	
Intangible property	(stocks, bonds, etc.):	
Other sources of in	come:	
Account:	harge cards, and revolving cr Whose Name:	edit cards. Balance:
List all pensions, mi	litary benefits, retirement acc	counts for you and your spouse.
List other debts and	liabilities.	
	D 6 1 5	

[Bring in Income Tax Returns for the past 5 years.]

SAMPLE TELEPHONE POLICY FOR CLIENTS

As we discussed during our initial conference, excellent communications between us is essential, and much of our contact will be by telephone. We have developed the telephone policy below primarily because we know your time is extremely valuable. Additionally, the policy enables our firm to continue providing the high quality of legal services for which it is well known by providing an efficient timesaving procedure for the making and returning of phone calls.

It is very important to the firm that we maintain prompt and productive communications with you. We also strive to minimize frustrations of "telephone tag" or lost time on your part in the waiting on a return call from our office. We ask, therefore, that you agree to assist us in the successful implementation of this policy. If for any reason you cannot abide by this policy, please notify me immediately so that we can work out a mutually agreeable alternative plan.

- 1) **Telephone Conferencing Hours:** Except in an emergency, please call me during the following office hours: 10:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. and 4:00 p.m. to 5:30 p.m. Please remember that at times I will not be available during these hours because of a trial or other client-related matters. Please do not be upset if I am not available to immediately take your call. I will be returning phone calls during these hours as well. Rest assured that someone from our firm will make every effort to return your call within 48 hours. Should this not occur, however, we would appreciate you calling us back and letting the receptionist know that your original call had not yet been returned.
- 2) **Preparing for Conferences**: Before calling, please prepare a written list of those matters you wish for us to discuss. If I am not available when you call, please share your list with the paralegal assigned to your case so that I will be prepared for our discussion when I return your call thereby saving us both valuable time. Please remember, however, that only attorneys can give legal advice. Employees of our firm who are not attorneys do not give legal advice and should not be asked to do so.
- 3) **Note-taking Supplies:** Please have pen and paper available before calling to make any appropriate notes during our telephone conferences. You will then have a convenient reference source of our conversation and of important dates, advice, or instructions that I may have given you.
- 4) **Emergencies:** If your call is urgent, please explain what the emergency involves to the person answering your call. Either I, or one of our paralegals, or another attorney within our firm, will return your call as soon as possible.
- 5) Your Telephone Number: If asked, please give your telephone number(s). We of course have such information in your case records, but having it on your telephone message assists us in maximizing the use of our time for you and our other clients. It would be appreciated if you would let us know if I may call you (and at what numbers) during evening hours or on the weekend when unavoidable circumstances do not allow me to return your call during our telephone conference hours described above or when I may need to contact you on an expedited basis.
- 6) **Ensuring Clear Communications:** During our conversations, please ask for any clarification you may need so that we do not end a conference with your questions unanswered.
- 7) **Improving Our Telephone Conferencing:** Please let me know if you have any suggestions on how we can improve upon our telephone policy or if you have any concerns or complaints regarding our handling of your calls (positive feedback is always welcome, also!)

SAMPLE ATTORNEYS COVENANTS

The attorneys at The McIntosh Law Firm, in an effort to provide the highest level of services to their clients, to establish confidence and respect in the lawyer/client relationship, and to engender trust and affability among themselves agree to the following Covenants and agree to conduct themselves according to these precepts which are in addition to those standard by law.

- 1. To observe all laws, rules and regulations governing the practice of Law in the United States in general and North Carolina specifically.
- 2. To treat and deal with each other honestly with complete and full disclosure of all matters relevant to the Firm, the Firm's practice, the Firm's personnel, and the Firm's clients, except as may be prohibited by the Rules of Professional Conduct.
- 3. To maintain open lines of communication with each other and to discuss any matter that is not settled until a resolution is reached, or until each attorney must "agree to disagree" and put their differences aside for the general good of the firm.
- 4. To disagree in the privacy of our own meetings and conversations, but present a united front to the outside world (defined as anyone not an attorney in the Firm) and support the Firm's position unanimously.
- 5. To willfully and cheerfully assist each other in any matter relating to the Firm's practice or clients.
- 6. To treat all Firm staff, clients, and guests with respect, courtesy and hospitality.
- 7. To treat all outside attorneys, adverse parties, courthouse personnel, and others with whom the Firm comes in contact with honesty and courtesy, and to deal honorably with those we face in adversarial process.
- 8. To keep all clients and adverse parties apprised of any matters relevant to any cases being administered by the Firm.
- 9. To remember that jealousy and greed are the two greatest enemies any enterprise may have and the enemy within is more dangerous than the enemy without.
- 10. To understand that, as attorneys and members of this Firm, we have a sacred trust reposed in us by those who place with the Firm themselves and their legal matters, and we must strive to earn and keep that trust each day, the violation of which far outweighs any damage that may flow therefrom.

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MY DECLARATION OF COMMITMENT TO CLIENTS

To treat you with respect and courtesy.
To handle your legal matters competently and diligently, in accordance with the highest standards of the profession.
To exercise independent professional judgment on your behalf.
To change a reasonable fee and to explain in advance how that fee will be computed and billed.
To return phone calls promptly.
To keep you informed and provide you with copies of important papers.
To respect your decisions on the objectives to be pursued in your case, as permitted by law and the rules of professional conduct, including whether or not to settle a case.
To work with other participants in the legal system to make our legal system more accessible and responsive.
To preserve the client confidences learned during our lawyer-client relationship.
To exhibit the highest degree of ethical conduct in accordance with the Code of Professional Responsibility/ Model Rules of Professional Conduct.

Provided by American Bar Association
Subject to the professional rules of conduct in effect in each state.

POST-REPRESENTATION SURVEY

Referred by family/friend Knew attorney personally Advertisement in Other: Was our firm conveniently located for you? Yes Did our staff greet you courteously when you came to the office? Yes Were your phone calls answered pleasantly by staff? Yes Did the attorney handling your case explain what the firm would do? Yes Did you feel the legal fees charged were fair for the services provided? Yes Were you given regular bills on your case? Yes Did the attorney handling your case explain the progress of your case? Yes Did you feel you met with your attorney when you needed to? Yes Did you feel you met with your attorney when you needed to?	No
Other: Was our firm conveniently located for you? Yes Did our staff greet you courteously when you came to the office? Yes Were your phone calls answered pleasantly by staff? Yes Were your phone calls returned promptly by attorneys? Yes Did the attorney handling your case explain what the firm would do? Yes Did you feel the legal fees charged were fair for the services provided? Yes Did you receive regular bills on your case? Yes Were you given regular status reports on your case? Yes Did the attorney handling your case explain the progress of your case? Yes Did the attorney handling your case explain the progress of your case? Yes	No
Was our firm conveniently located for you? Yes Did our staff greet you courteously when you came to the office? Yes Were your phone calls answered pleasantly by staff? Yes Were your phone calls returned promptly by attorneys? Yes Did the attorney handling your case explain what the firm would do? Yes Did you feel the legal fees charged were fair for the services provided? Yes Did you receive regular bills on your case? Yes Were you given regular status reports on your case? Yes Did the attorney handling your case explain the progress of your case? Yes Did the attorney handling your case explain the progress of your case?	
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Did you receive regular bills on your case? Were you given regular status reports on your case? Yes	No
Were you given regular status reports on your case? Yes Yes Yes	No
Did the attorney handling your case explain the progress of your case? Yes	No
	No
Did you feel you met with your attorney when you needed to? Yes	No
	No
Overall, were you satisfied with the legal services you received?Yes	No
If you need legal representation in the future, would you call our firm?Yes	No
If a friend needed an attorney, would you refer him/her to our firm?Yes	No
Please write down any comments or suggestions you may have to help us better serve our cli	ents ir

Thank you again. It was our privilege to serve you.

CLIENT SURVEY

Thank you for taking a few minutes to complete this survey. The information you provide will help us provide better service to our clients

Please circle the number which most closely fits with your opinion, "1" being "very unsatisfied" and "5" "completely satisfied." Your comments are also appreciated; please feel free to attach additional pages.

the work we pe		•		naround time on	8. How satisfied were you that your matter was appropriate ly staffed with respect to the work performed by the lawyer
1				5	and work performed by a paralegal or legal assistant?
Comments: _					1 2 3 4 5
					Comments:
				nt and timeliness of	
				s of your matter?	9. How satisfied were you that our written
1	2	3	4	5	communications were clear and concise?
Comments:					1 2 3 4 5 Comments:
3. How satisfie your matter wa		•	the amo	ount of attention	10. How satisfied were you with the emount of informer
your matter wa	_		1	5	10. How satisfied were you with the amount of information provided on our billing statement?
Comments:					1 2 3 4 5
					Comments:
to your telepho	2	3	4		11. How satisfied were you with our responsiveness to ar billing comments that you made? 1 2 3 4 5 Comments:
		you that	the atto	rney was accessible	10.11 .: 6.1
on short notice		2	4	E	12. How satisfied were you that we were cost-conscious is
Comments: _					handling your work? 1 2 3 4 5
					Comments:
		-		e listened to your	42 11 (1 (1
concerns?		2			13. How satisfied were you with the amount of your legal
_	2	3	4	5	fees and costs, given the quality of the services we provided 1 2 3 4 5
Comments:					Comments:
7. How satisfie	ed were	vou that	we unde	erstood vour	
7. How satisfies business and/c		•		erstood your	

ATTORNEY-CLIENT RELATIONSHIPS - SAMPLE FORMS

___ Environmental Law

14. How satisfied were you with the ability of this office	21. Please with an "X" those legal services you anticipate
to meet your legal needs?	needing in the future:
1 2 3 4 5	General Civil Litigation
Comments:	Personal injury
	Family Law
	Real Estate
15. How satisfied are you that we keep you informed of	Estate Planning
legal changes that might impact your business?	Business Law
1 2 3 4 5	Bankruptcy
	Criminal
Comments:	
	Banking/Credit Union Law
	Employment/Labor
16. Please tell us what we should keep doing for you.	Tax
	Intellectual Property
	Environmental Law
	22. Would you made mand up to others?
17 Diagram to 11 and a to 12 days and a to 2 days of a constant	22. Would you recommend us to others?
17. Please tell us what we should stop doing for you.	Yes No
	If not, why?
18. Please tell us any suggestions you may have to improve	
our ability to serve you.	OPTIONAL:
	23. If we may use you as a reference, please write in your
	name and telephone number. We will always call you first
	before giving out your name.
19. Please tell us about any instance of anyone	Name:
from our office not relating well to you and your staff.	Telephone:
	Thank you for taking the time to complete this survey.
	Please return it to us in the enclosed self-addressed
20. Please mark with an "X" those legal services provided	stamped envelope at your earliest convenience.
by this firm that you have used:	
General Civil Litigation	
Personal injury	
Family Law	
Real Estate	
Estate Planning	
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
Business Law	
Bankruptcy	
Criminal	
Banking/Credit Union Law	
Employment/Labor	
Tax	
Intellectual Property	

LETTER NOTIFYING CLIENT OF DESTRUCTION OF FILE

[Date]	
[Client Name] [Street] [City State Zip]	
RE: [Name of Case]	
Dear: [Name]	
	ds pertaining to matters that have been closed for more than them of our intention to destroy the records unless they wish
Since these dead files pertain to matters that were conclude However, we will make these files available to you upon yo destruction or return of the files on the attached listing and	
If you select destruction, the files will be physically destroy not be charged for this service.	ved by a method that will preserve client confidentiality. You will
If we are notified that you have received this letter, but we will assume that you wish the file(s) to be destroyed.	receive no response within six (6) weeks of your receipt, we
If you wish the records returned, please contact us to arrange	nge transfer of the file.
If you have questions, please address them to	·
As always, we greatly appreciate your business and hope to You may receive additional correspondence regarding close	continue working with you. Thank you for your assistance. ed files for other wok we have done on your behalf.
Sincerely,	
Attorney] [Firm]	
I/we prefer the file materials be destroyed.	
I/we prefer the return of the file(s).	
[Client]	[Date]