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A Look at the Entrepreneurial Landscape - US Company Demographics



NML Companies – the NEW economy heroes!



- 1. From 2006 through 2010, companies in No Man's Land:
 - ✓ Added 8-times as many new jobs...
 - ✓ Grew at a rate almost 4-times faster...
 - ✓ Expanded 3-times more often...
- 2. They account for less than *3% of all businesses*, yet contribute *30% of all new jobs* added by all businesses.

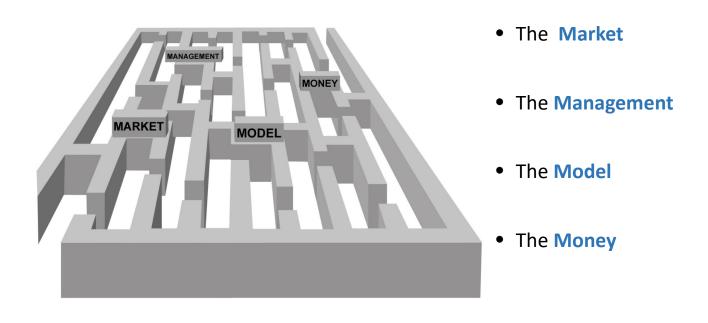


Shrinking Corporate Market

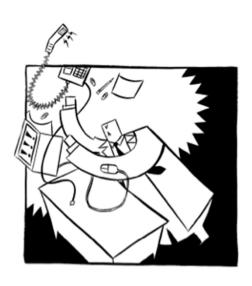
Business Establishment Counts: 12-Year Trend

Employee Size	2006	2017	Difference	% Change
1	1,791,391	1,881,851	90,460	5%
2-19	9,849,217	10,113,328	264,111	3%
20-99	1,098,046	1,101,475	3,429	0%
100-249	155,856	148,279	-7,577	-5%
250-499	35,383	31,144	-4,239	-12%
500-999	13,666	11,626	-2,040	-15%
1000+	9,020	7,636	-1,384	-15%
Totals	12,952,579	13,295,339	342,760	3%

Meeting the Growth Challenge A Map through No Man's Land The Four Ms



The Approach to the Market





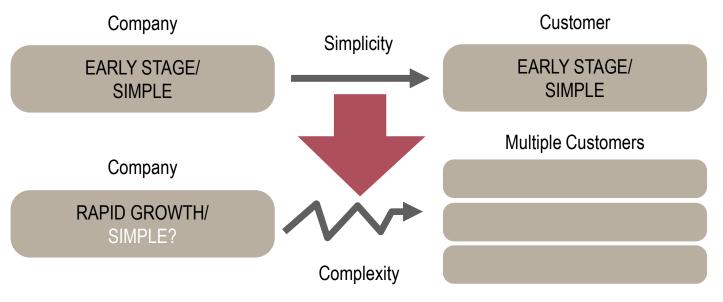
Innovating the Development of Innovation

The Difficulty in Replicating the Entrepreneurial Ecosystem
Industrial Research Institute
Vol. 50 Number 3

- The approach to the **Market**
 - The **Management** Culture
 - The Financial Model
- Capital Deployment the **Money**

Meeting the Growth Challenge A Map through No Man's Land

Market Mis-alignment



Market Mis-alignment is the natural progression of Entrepreneurial Control

Meeting the Growth Challenge A Map through No Man's Land

The Market Navigation Rule



The business as a whole must become good at doing what the Entrepreneur did well with customers in order to successfully re-create Market Alignment

Blind Spot #3: Value Proposition

85% CEOs say their employees can clearly state their company's value proposition

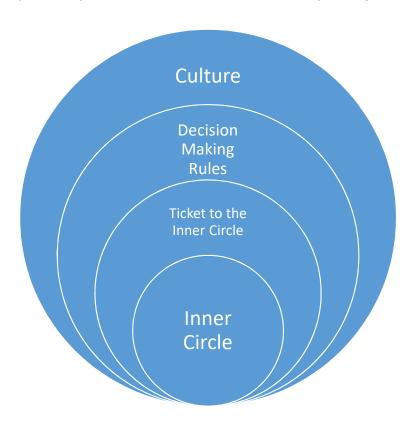
7% leadership teams can articulate a common value proposition

source: Inc. Navigator

The Management Culture

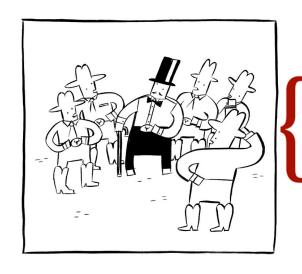


Culture *Everybody blames it - Nobody defines it*



Meeting the Growth Challenge A Map through No Man's Land

The Management Navigation Rule



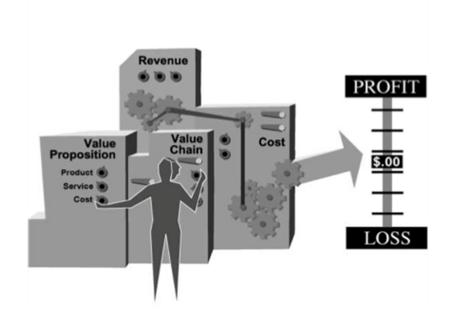
The founder must hire at the top first, not the middle, to successfully navigate through No Man's Land

Blind Spot #2: Accountability

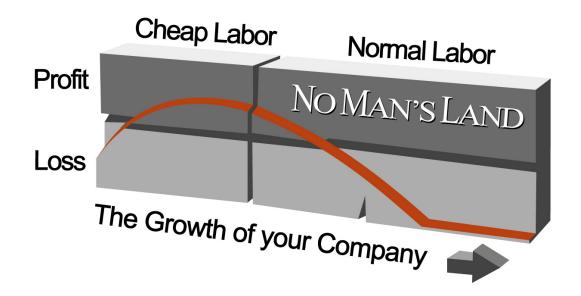
86% CEOs believe that everyone is held accountable for performance

20% leadership teams agree

The Financial Model



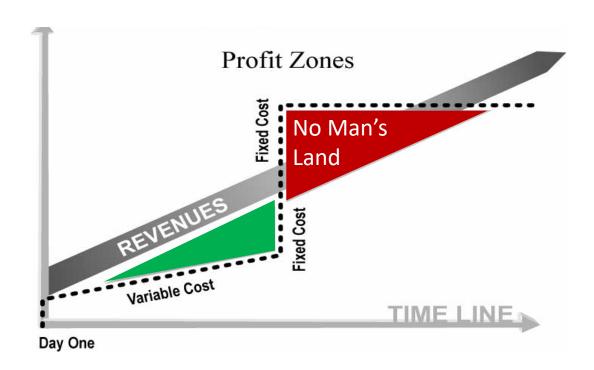
Meeting the Growth Challenge A Map through No Man's Land The Model



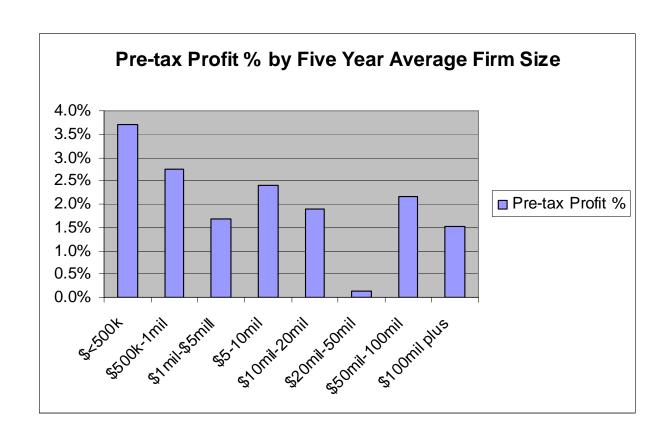
"Capital Cost of Employee"

terms - 7 year, 8% term note

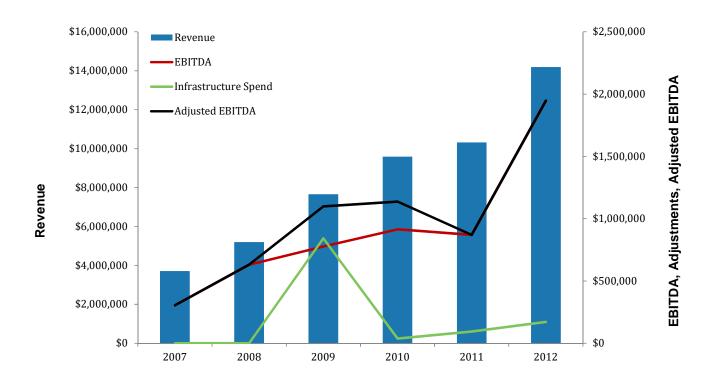
Borrowed Equivalent	Salary Monthly	Amount Annually	
100,000	1,559	18,703	
150,000	2,338	28,055	
200,000	3,117	37,407	
250,000	3,897	46,759	
300,000	4,676	56,110	
350,000	5,455	65,462	



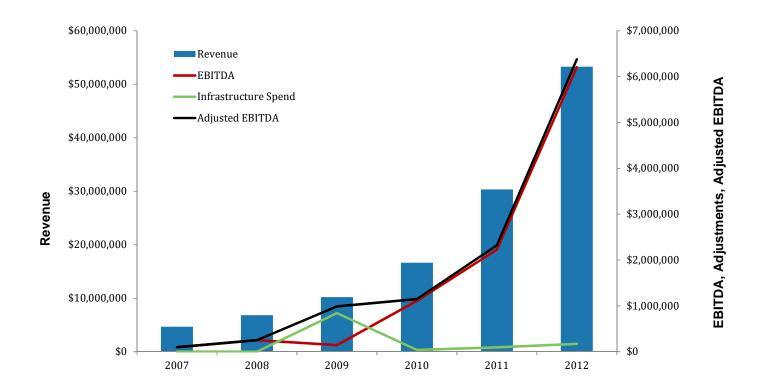
The Case of the Freight Forwarding Industry



Capital Case Study I

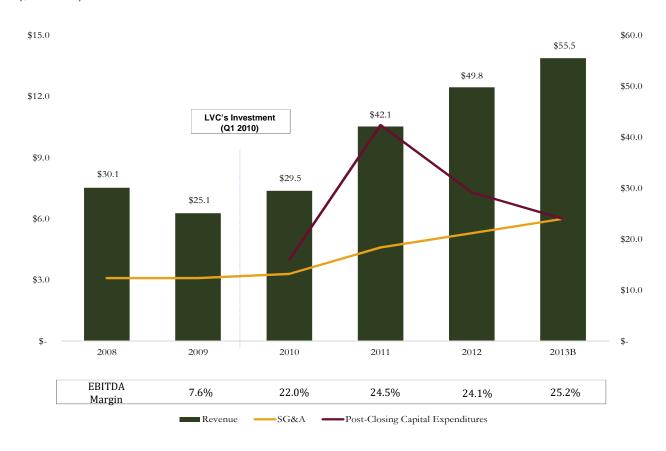


Capital Case Study II



Case Study I: Revenue, SG&A, Post-Closing Capital Expenditures and EBITDA Margins

(\$ in Millions)



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Meeting the Growth Challenge A Map through No Man's Land

The Model Navigation Rule

The business's value proposition must be scalable (profitable at a higher volume) to successfully navigate No Man's Land

The Money Capital Deployment



Risk Reduction

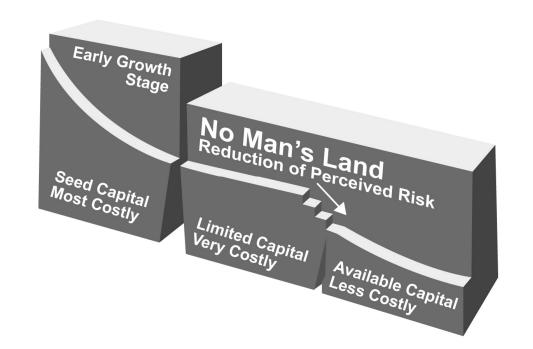
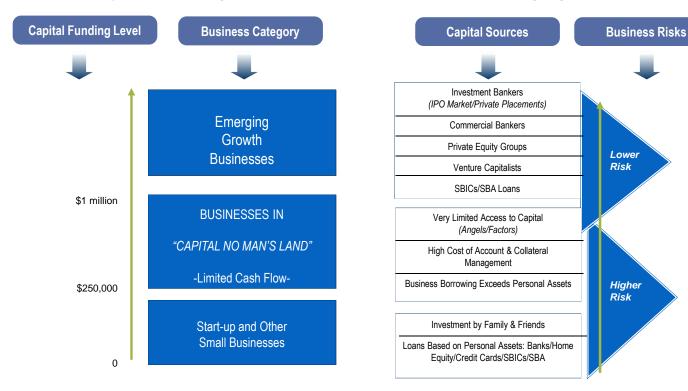


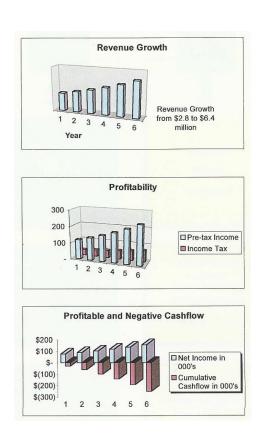
Illustration of "Capital Funding Gap"

Capital Funding Sources & Risks For Small & Emerging Business



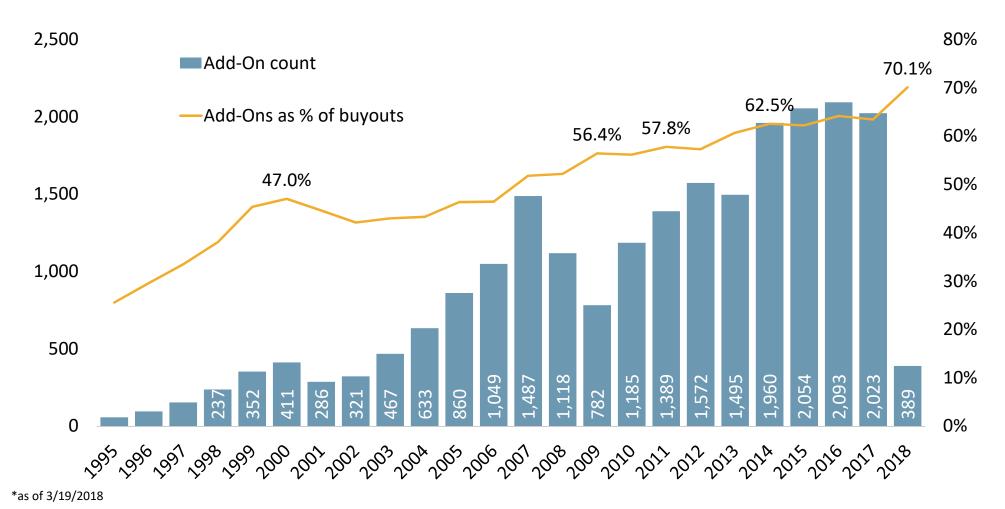
Microeconomics of Growth

The following illustrations were built from an economic model that accounts for the typical asset growth characteristics of a rapidly expanding business on accrual accounting and transitioning through "No Man's Land."



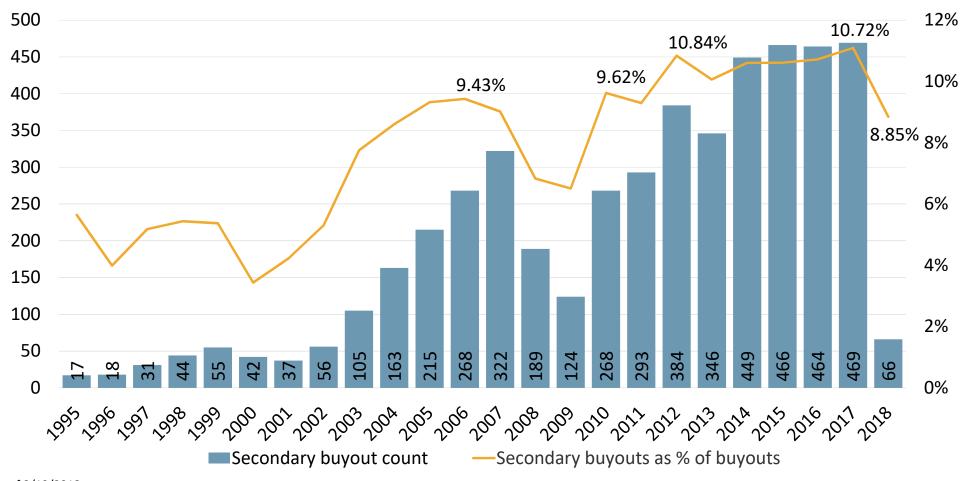
Add-ons as a % of all PE buyout deals

Source: PitchBook



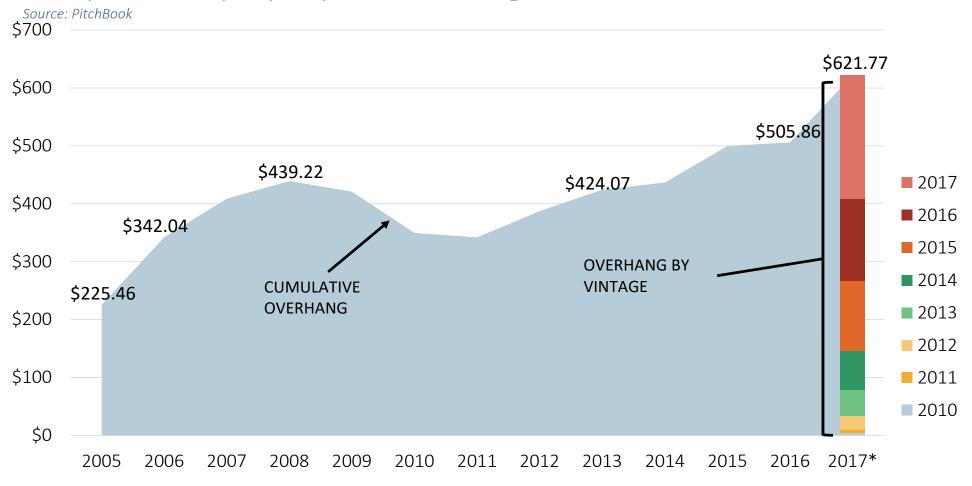
Secondary buyouts as a % of all PE buyouts

Source: PitchBook



*as of 3/19/2018

U.S. private equity capital overhang



Meeting the Growth Challenge A Map through No Man's Land

The Money Navigation Rule



The key to raising money is reducing real and perceived risk of the company

General Thoughts and Conclusions

