



Emergency Response Plan:

Blood Center's Perspective

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Conflicts of Interest

None to report



Topics of Discussion

Introduction:

Defining the purpose of an emergency preparedness plan

The Emergency Response Plan:

Identifying key components and action items



Social Impact to a Disaster

- Casualties death, illnesses, injuries
- Destruction of property structures and content
- Disruption to community infrastructure - electricity, water, fuel, telecommunications transportation
- Unforeseen dangers animal displacement





Disaster's effect on Blood Centers



AABB Interorganizational Task Force on Domestic Disasters and Acts of Terrorism defines **disaster** as a...



- Sudden surge in demand for blood beyond the norm OR
- Disruption to blood collector's operations OR
- An event that requires immediate replacement or resupply of the region's blood inventory

Causes of Disaster

Natural disasters:

Hurricanes, winter storms, floods, fires, epi/pandemic infections...

Man-made disasters:

- Arson
- Acts of terrorism
- Civil unrest
- Disruption to main transportation infrastructure
- Electric power disruptions
- Interruptions to blood center processes: collection, testing, transport
- Mass shootings
- Etc...



The Purpose of an Emergency Response Plan

- To coordinate and collaborate effort between the blood center and the receiving medical facility
- To identify processes and actions to ensure blood product availability in the event of mass surge needs
- To maximize systemwide efficiency by avoiding redundancy and minimize communication failures
- To establish self-sufficiency with a triage system to sustain inventory for ~ 6 days



Requirement for an Emergency Response Plan

AABB Standard 1.4, 31st edition

'The BB/TS shall have emergency operation policies, processes, and procedures to respond to the effects of internal and external disasters.'



Emergency Response Plan



The Emergency Response Plan in a Nutshell

- 1. Risk assessment for disaster types
- 2. Establish a local/ regional/national blood supply chain
- 3. Identify key points of contacts
- 4. Identify primary and alternate routes of communication
- 5. Identify secondary couriers for product transport
- 6. Identify resource back-ups
- Accelerate collection and processing activities to supply blood in impacted or to support affected areas
- 8. Test the process



Not all Responses Fit a Disaster

Hurricane

- Develop process to distribute blood prior to 'hit'
- Consider effects of flooding, high winds on generators
- Disperse facility fleet to minimize loss
- Prepare regional/ national support blood center for surge blood needs

Explosive Event

- Assess local areas for threats
- Plan for facility closure
- Mobilize immediate local emergency transport
- Coordinate immediate blood needs among local hospitals and blood centers.
- Mobilize regional/ national blood centers, AABB Disaster Task Force



Disaster Risk Assessment

- Key step before developing the emergency response plan
- Each type of disaster requires a different approach and resources, which can be challenging to maintain proficiency and costly.
- To assist, AABB has generated a risk assessment tool to prioritize those hazards most likely to be encountered for incorporation into the disaster response plan
- Different disaster types are assessed for degree of damage as well as resources required for recovery



Risk Assessment Chart (with sample data)

Type of Disaster	Probability of Occurrence High Low	Human Impact High Low	Property Impact High Low	Business Impact High Low	Recovery Resources Needed High Low	Total Score
	5←→1	5 ←→ 1	5←→1	5←→ 1	5 ←→ 1	
External Haza	ards					
Pandemic influenza	5	5	1	5	5	21
Earthquake	3	3	4	4	4	18
Hurricane	1	1	1	2	2	7
Internal Haza	rds					
Flooding	4	1	4	3	2	14
Workplace violence	2	5	2	4	1	14

Probability Score

5: high, >80% event would occur

4: likely, 50 - 80%

3: possible, **50**%

2: low to moderate, 10 – 50%

1: not likely, <10%

Impact

5: catastrophic

4: high

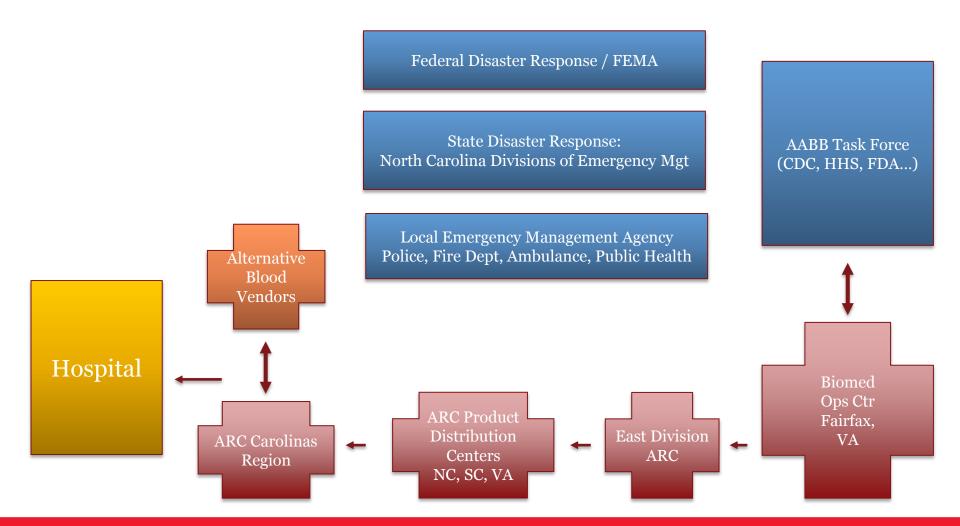
3: moderate

2: low to moderate

1: negligible



Establish Regional / National Blood Supply Chain





Communication – Key Contact List

Blood Center	Hospital
Primary: Customer Service	Primary: Blood Bank
Secondary (back-up to Customer Service)	Hospital Emergency Command Center
Manufacturing/Distribution/Transportation	Transfusion Medicine On-call
Non-ARC commercial couriers	Alternative Blood Centers
IRL	
Medical Director On-call	
Blood Collections	
Regional Disaster Relations Officer / Communications	
Federal and State Disaster Response AABB Disaster Task Force	

Update Annually



Identify Primary and Secondary Communication

- Land lines
- Cell phones with texting
- FAX
- Laptop with internet capability
 - Email, social media websites
 - Local Messengers couriers
- Satellite phone / VoIP Internet
- Amateur HAM radio
- Government Emergency Telecommunication Service (GETs)
- Wireless Priority Service (WPS)







Establish Emergency Transportation Contacts

- Secondary commercial couriers
- ARC Humanitarian Volunteer Service
- Emergency Medical Service
- Highway Patrol
- Local Police
- USAF Civil Air Patrol

Note: determine inventory capacity/conditions of affected hospital. If inventory conditions are impacted, may need to coordinate with nearby medical facilities to serve as supporting storage sites



Standardize Hospital Communication

Product need is submitted using a consistent format

Example: AABB Emergency Plan Documentation

*note: this form is restricted to RBC units

	Emergency	Plan Docum	nentatio	n Form: Hospi	ital		
Date / Time	me/ Type of Event						
То:							
Initial emergen	ry response with MAR	(ey Contact)	will identi	fy who receives	this form		
From (Name): _				VCU	J Key Contact		
Location:		(Blood Bank or Hosp Incident Command Center)					
Phone:		Cell:					
Fax:		Email:					
Total Potentia Total Hospital	Hospital Admissions: I for Expected Hospit Admissions Expecte + and -) RBC availa	al Admissio d	ons				
	RBCs in Hospital Inve						
Total Type O		. –					
Total Hospital O RBC Available:							
Calculate tot	al number of units n	eeded fron	n ARC:				
Total Hospital Admissions Expected	Multiply (otal Type D RBC Needed	(-) minus	Total Type O RBC Available	Total Type O RBC Needed		



Assume ALL Primary System will Fail

Identify and test regularly back-up systems

- Communications: internet, FAX, cell phone, hospital switchboard
- Local utilities: Electric and energy company, water, fuel
- Packaging materials: containers, wet/dry ice...
- Transportation vehicles
- Confirm 'vendor priority' status with local utilities
- Test back-up sources on a routine basis





For Consideration: Regulatory

- Ensure emergency and exceptional release processes are in place
- In the event of an outage, approved back-up systems are to be in place (i.e. manual labeling)
- Identify trained personnel and establish a contact list of those who agree to be readily available during an emergency
- Contact AABB Disaster Task Force for guidance on FDA variances, assessed case-by-case basis (i.e. 9/11/2001 'unlicensed – for emergency use only')



For Consideration: Staff Needs

- Housing (cots at facility, hotel, home stays...)
- Food
- Water
- First aid
- Blankets
- Battery powered radios
- Flashlights
- Etc...



The Emergency Response Plan in Action

Initiate

- Notification of Emergency/Disaster
- Review hospital needs [AABB Form: Emergency Plan Documentation]

Assess Product Need

- Assess volume of and accessibility to current inventory
- Begin notification to ARC regional / national inventory system if local needs are inadequate

Implement

- Determine central staging for deliveries
- Coordinate transportation and distribute
- Contact critical services (utilities) for timeframe to restoration

Perform annual testing, with simulations



Resources

 AABB, Disaster Operations Handbook: Coordinating the Nation's Blood Supply during Disasters and Biological Events (2008)

https://www.aabb.org/programs/disasterresponse/Documents/disastophndbkv2.pdf

- California Blood Bank Society, Disaster Response Plan (2012)
 http://c.ymcdn.com/sites/www.cbbsweb.org/resource/collection/E637C37C-59BC-4012-83B6
 C9F1201A43D4/CBBS_Disaster_Response_Plan_No_Appendices.pdf
- CDC, Managing Surge Needs for Injuries: Blood Bank Response (2010)
 https://www.acep.org/WorkArea/DownloadAsset.aspx?id=43036



